****

**MUSLIM HISTORY**

**HISTORY OF HOLY PROPHET (S;A;W)& PIOUS CALIPHS (S.A.W)**

**B.A Part -1**

**Paper –I**

(A) **HISTORY OF HOLY PROPHET HAZRAT MUHAMMAD(S.A.W)**

(1) Arabia 2 the arabs3 religious Political & social condition; of Arabia before Islam (4) foreign domination

(1) Ancestors of the holy prophet (S.A.W) ( 2) Early life (3) Makah period 4 general Survey of the event s before the call the call 6 his first sermon 7 the massage (8) opposition of the Quraish (9 )the early converts (10) the migrant Abyssinia (11) the pledges of Aqubah (12) Hijrat to Madina Its causes and importance

(C) THE MADINA PERIOD

(1) Prophet at madina (2) charter of Madina (3)factions in

Madina (4) formation of ummah (5) treaties with Jews & Christians(6) city state of Madina (7)circumstances leading to the battle of badar 8 battle of badar 9 battle of uhad (10) growing strength of muslim (11) battle of khandaq or ahzab (12) the truce or treaty of hudaybiah (13) expedition Khyber (14) conquest of Makah (15) deputations from Arab tribes Spread of Islam (16) battle of Hunayan and siege to taif (17) the Farewell pilgrimage and its import-Ance as social order (18) death of Holy prophet (S.A.W) (19) the character of the holy prophet (20) estimate of his life (21) his Achievements

B**. Pious Caliph (Khulfa E- Rashdeen R.A)**

* **THE FIRST CALIPH OF ISLAM**

**HAZRAT ABU BAKAR SIDDIQU(R.A)(632-634 A.C)**

Early life the companion of prophet (s.a.w) his election as first caliph of Islam the bayat condition of Condition of Arabia expedition to campaign against the rebels ridd war on peria border in Iraq the death of hazrat abu bakkar siddiqu (R;A)his character and achievement

**The Second Caliph of Islam Hazrat Umar farooqu (R.A)634 644A.C)**

Early life nomination as second caliph and the bayat Conquest of Persia conquest of sryia recall of Khalid –bin waleed (R.A) conquest Egypt causes of territorial expectation hazrat umar (R;A) as administration an d reformer revenue system by hazrar umar (R.A) his shahadat and his service to Islam.

**THE THIRD CALIPH CALIPH OF ISLAM**

**HAZRAT USMAN GHANI (R.A)** **644-656 AC**

Early life his service in the period of Islam his elections third caliph of Islam and bayah governor and conquest revolt in Persia in byzantine invasion of Egypt

Hazrat Usman Ghani (R.A) and its effects on Islamic state and ummah character and achievements.

**THE FOURTH CALIPH OF ISLAM**

**HAZRART ALI ALL-MURTAZA(R;A) 656-661 A.C**

1. Early life 2. Hazrat Ali as fourth caliph and bayat 3.Hazrat Ali ‘s difficulties4. change of governor 5.battle of Jamal or camel 6.battle of siffin 7. the khawari 8. rebellions in barah and hijaz 9. Shadat Hazarat Alli (R.A) 10. estimate of Ali’s character 11. his service of Islam.

**SYLLABUS (MUSLIM HISTORY)**

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| GENERAL SURVEY OF THE PERIOD   1. Administration 2. The Prophet (S.A.W) 3. The Caliph 4. The Wali 5. Peace and 6. Amil 7. Police 8. Taxes 9. Public Worker 10. The Military Organization 11. The Spread of Islam |

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

*HISTORY OF HOLY PROPHET (S.A.W) & PIOUS CALIPH (R.A)*

1. Shibli Nomani & Suliman Nadvi: *“Seerat-un-Nabi (S.A.W)”* ( Urdu) Vol: I to VI English Translation Azam Gram
2. Amir Ali: *“Short History of the Saracens”*  Mc. Milan Co. London
3. Ibn-e-Hisham: *“Seerat”* (Urdu & Arabic)
4. W. Montgomery Watt: Oxford University Press
5. W. Montgomery Watt: *“Muhammad at Madina”* Oxford University Press
6. Philip K. Hitti: *“History of Arabs”*  ( English )
7. Philip K. Hitti: *“Tarikh-e-Millat”* (Urdu) Translation
8. Shah Moinuddin Nadvi: *“Tarikh-e- Islami”* Vol: I
9. Dr. S.M. Imamuddin: *“Apolitical History of the Muslims”*  (Prophet S.A.W and Pious Caliph)
10. Sir Thomas Amold: *“The Preaching of Islam”*  Shirkat Qualam. Lahore.
11. Rashid Akhter Nadvi: *“MUsalamn Hukmeran”*  Ahsan Brothers. Lahore.
12. Shibli Nomani: *“Al-Farroq”*
13. Molana Abdul Shakoor Lakhnavi: *“Khilfa-e-Rahiaida”* (Urdu), Darul Ishat. Karachi.
14. Molana Saeed Akbar Abadi *“Siddique-e-Akbar”*
15. Faqeer Waheeudin: “*Mohsin-eAzam and Mohsineab”*

(Sindhi Translation: Rashid Ahmed Lashari) Frere Road Karachi.

1. Dr. Nasir Ahmed Nasir: *“Peghamber-e-Azam-wa Akbar”* Feroz Sons Lahore.
2. Muhammad Azeem Sheeda: *“Seerat-e-Mustafa”* Sindhi Adabi Board.
3. Qazi Salman Mansupari: *“Rahmatulil Alamin”* Vol: I. II. III. Shaikh Ghulam Ali Sond Lahore 1962.
4. Dr. Hameedudin: *“Rasool-e-Akram Ki Siyasi Zindagi”* Idara-e-Islamic, Lahore.
5. Muhammad Khizari Bik: *“Tareekh-ul-Khulfa”* Egypt.
6. Prof: K. Ali: *“A Study of Islamic History”* Naeem Publications.

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| GENERAL SURVEY OF THE PERIOD   * Administration Central and Provincial * Social and Economic Life * Political and Religious Movements Literary and Cultural Activities * Advancement of Science, * Arts and Architecture. |

Books Recommended

**HISTORY OF BANU UMMAYADS OF DAMASCUS &**

**Abbasids of Bagdad up to Mutawakkih (661-861)**

1. Dr. Hameedullah: *“Rasool-e-Akram Ki Siyasi Zindgi”* Idara-e-Islamic, Lahore.1950 – 1955
2. Philip K Hitti: *“The Origins of the Islamic State”*  Columbs University. 1916
3. Philip K Hitti: *“History of Arabs”* New York. 1963
4. Al-Balazari: Urdu Translation by: *“Fathuhul Baladan”*  Syed Abdul Khair Maududi: Nafees Academy Karachi. 1984
5. Tabari: *“Tarikh-e-Tabri” Vol: I to VIII.* (Urdu Translation) Jamia Usmaniya Hyderabad Dakhan. 1941
6. Shah Moinudin Nadvi: *“Tarikh-e-Islam”* Part – I. II. III & IV Dur-e-mutaba Azam Ghar. 1979
7. Sir Thomas W. Arnold: *“The Caliphate”*  Oxford at the Caredon Press. 1924
8. Sir William Mueir: *“Caliphate its Decline & Full”* Khayls Oriantal regarment ato 5. 1963
9. Philip K Hitti: *“History of Syria”* New York Sit press 1957
10. E.G. Brown: *“The Literary History of Persia”* Vol: I & IV Cambirdge University Press. 1957

**BA (Pass) Paper-II**

**Paper-II**

**HISTORY OF BANU UMMAYADS OF DAMASCUS &**

**ABBSIDS OF BAGHADAD UPTO MUTAWAKIL (661-861)**

**Hazarat Amir Muawiyah (R.A)**

Origin and early history of ummayads as the Governor of syria-his struggle with Hazrat Ali (R.A) – Amir Muawjah as caliph –Mawayiah as statesman- His administration –His state –Policy-Nomination of yazid –I –His Conquest-As the first Admiral of Islam.

**Yadiz-I**

Early Life and accession .Tragedy of karbala of Hraah is death and accesson of Muawiyah-II His abdiction and character.

**Marwan-I**

Early life and career. Civil War and Battle of marj-e- Rahat. His achievements.

**ABDUL MALIK BIN MARWAN.**

Early life and accession. His struggle against Abdullah bin zubair , wars with Byzantines. His conquests. His administration and reforms. His Career and Achievements

**WALID –I-BIN MALIK**

Early life and accession. His conquests conquests. Conquests of Sindh .Spain Central asia and Africa His achievements as second as second builder of Umayyads rule.

**SULEMAN AND UMAR-II**

Early life and accession. His policy towards the arab tribes nominations of umar bin Abdul Aziz-death of Suleman and accession of umar-II-His reforms, Charter &achievements of umar II-Later Ummayads – Yazid-II- Hisham –Walid-II-Yazid-II, Hisham-Walid-II-Yazid-III:Ibrahim –Marwan-II. Downfall of Ummayads.

**ORIGIN OF THE ABBASID MOVEMENT**

**SAFFAH**

As the first caliph His Achievement and character:

**Mansur**

Career and accession of Mansur – his difficulties –Revolt of the descendants’ Of Ali and Failure.

Abu Muslim khurasani-Barmakids –His Character-Mansur as the real builder of abbassids state –His Achievements and reforms.

**MAHDI & HADI**

**MAHDI.**

Accession of Mahdi –His early Life –His Relation with Byzanties- Zindiks and their indri side rule in north Africa – His character and achievements.

**HAROON-E- RASHID**

His career and accession –His long and prosperous reign –His foreign policy-Baghdad and its glory-His foreign policy Baghdad and its glory-His war with the Byzantines –Literacy and cultural activities of his reign-Fall of Barmakids-Character and achievements.

**AMIN & MAMUN**

His early Life – civil war between the two brothers and death of Amin –Accession of Mamun - Relation with Byzantines- spread Literary Activities-His Religious policy –His Character   
& Achievements.

**MAUTASIM & WATHIO:**

Accession of Mautasim –formation of Turkish guard –change of capital war with the Byzantines – Accession of wathio and his charater.

**MUTAEAKILL**

His early Life and accession –Ashraj and the rival of orthodoxy revolt and the disintegration of Abbsids empire –later Abbadis (From Mantasir to Mustaiasm of the decline of the Abbasids Caliphate.

**GENERAL SURVEY OF PERIOD**

Administration central and provincial social

Economical life-

Political and religious Movements

Literary and cultural activities advancements of science,

Art and architecture.

**Books Recommended**

**HISTORY OF BANU UMMYADS OF DAMSCUS & ADDASIDS OF BADDAD UPTO MUTWAKIL (661-861)**

1. Dr. Hameeduallah **Rasool Akram ki Siysasi zindagi**

Idara –e Islam Lahore 1950-1955

1. Philip K.Hitti: **The origin of the Islamic State**

Columbus University

1. Philip K.Hitti: **History of Arabs New York .1963**
2. Al –BalarzRI Urdu Translation By: **Fathuhul Baladan**
3. Tabri **Tarikh ul Tabri** vol: Ito VIII urdu

translation Jamia Usmania Hyderabad Dhakhan.1941

1. Shah Moin u din Naqvi **Tareekh –Islam** Part I,II,III& IV

Dar Mutaba Azam Ghar 1979

1. Sir Thomas W Arnold **The Caliphate**

Oxford at the caredon Press 1924

1. Sir William Mucir **Caliphate Decline** & Full

Khayts Oriental regarrment a to 5 1963

1. Philip K.Hitti: **History of Seria** New York sit press

1957

1. E.G Brown **The Literacy History of Persia** Vol I

& IV Cambridge University press

B.A (Pass) PART – II

PAPER – III (COLLEGE SIDE)

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| **HISTORY OF THE MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN**  **UPTO DOWNFALL OF UMMAYADS OF SPAIN** |

B.A (Pass) Part – II

Paper – III Option ‘B’ **ABDUL RAHMAN AL-DAKHIL:**  Condition of Spain on the eve of the Muslim Conquest – Arab attacks on the Peninsula – Its conquest – The period of the Ummayads Governors – Rise of Abdul Rehman al-Ghafiqi – His attack on France – The decline of the Ummayad Dynaasty at Dammascus – Battle of Zab – Death of Marwan – II – Escape of the Ummayad Princes.

**ABDUL REHMAN – I**

His early life, career, fight, arrival in Spain – The battle of Masarrah – Abdul Rehman as King – His difficulties – The Christians of North Charleman, North Africa – Death and character of Abdul Rehman – His achievements.

**HISHAM – I:**

His simplicity – His virtuous reign – Developmenet of religious studies – His war with the Christians of North – His death – Accession of Hakam – I – Relating with Franks Revolt in Toledo Unrest of Cordova – Character and achievements – AbdulRehman – II paid of Christian – Norman in roads – Agitation of the Christians of Cordova – Development of literature – Death and accession of Muhammad Toledans rise in revolt – The Norman’s Umar bin Hafsum – Death of Muhammad. His character – Accession of Mundhir – Revolts of Umar bin Hafsum – Accession of Abdullah

**ABDUL REHMAN – III:**

Accession of Abdul Rehman – III – His difficulties – His policy submission of rebels – Retreat of Christian Assumption of the title of Caliph – His foreign policy – Estimate of Abdul Rehman’s character and achievements – Accession of Hakam – II – Hisinterst and patronage of literature – His death.

**HISHAM – II:**

Raise of Hajib-al-Mansur – His control of the administration – His wars with the Christian of North – His foreign policy – His administration – Building and literary activities – His death –the fall of Ummayad Dynasty.

Kingdom of Granada – Ibn-e-Ahmar as the founder – His successors – Decline and fall of the dynasty of Banu Ahmar – Fall of Granada to the Christians and final expulsion of Muslims from Spain.

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| **GENERAL SURVEY OF THE PERIOD**  Administration of the Ummayads in Spain – the Government – The Officials – The Army – The Navy- Chivalry – Central of Culture Cordova – The bride of Andalusia – The Industries – Paper Mills – Silk Wearing Poetry Literacy activities – Libraries – The Poets – Philosophers – Scientists of the Period – Muslim Contribution to the Studying of Science in Europe – Muslim Arts – Architecture – The Mosque of Cordova – Al-Zohra – Al-Hamra – The beauties of Muslim Spain – Conditions of Spain under Muslim Rule. |

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

**HISTORY OF THE MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN**

**Up to Downfall of Ummayads of Spain**

1. B.H. Dozy *“Spanish Islam Translation”* – Ibrat Name Andulus by: Munshi Inayatullah. First Edetion in Pakistan Kasim sons Karachi. 1976
2. T.B. Irining “*Falcon of Islam”* S.H.M Ashraf Publishers 2000
3. Riyasat Ali Nadvi: “Tarikh-e-Anbdulus” Allid Book Corporation Hyderabad. 1952
4. Lane Poole: *“Moors in Spain”* Anarkali Bazar Lahore. 1953
5. N.Kaf – Shaikh *“Dastan-e-Undlus”* Sindhialogy. 1974
6. Arnold & Gillumm: *“Legacy of Islam”* Cambridge University Press. 1931
7. P.K. Hitti: *“History of Arabs”* (Relevant Chapter) New York. 1963
8. Amir Ali: *“Short History of Sarences”* (Relevant Chapter) National Book Foundation Karachi. Lahore. 1955
9. I.H. Burny: *“Muslim Spain”* Reader Publishers. 1949
10. Qavi: *“Tarikh-e-Spain”* Allied Book Corporation 1957
11. S.M. Imamuddin: *“Political History of Spain”* Majeed Sons. Lahore 1961
12. Tabri: *“Tarikh-e-Tabri”* Nafees Academy Karachi. 1949

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| SECTION – II  **M.A (previous)** |
| **HISTORY OF THE PIOUS CALIPHS [KHULFA-E-RASHDAIN (R.A)]** |

**Paper-I,**

(College Side)

**THE FIRST CALIPH OF ISLAM:**

**HAZRAT ABU BAKAR SIDDIQUE (R.A) 632 – 634 (A.C):**

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| Early Life The companion of Prophet (S.A.W) His election as Caliph of Islam the Bayat Condition of Arabia Expedition to Campaign against the Rebels Riddah war on Persian border in Iraq War on Syria border Death of Hazrat Abu Bakar (R.A) His character and achievement. |

**THE SECOND CALIPH OF ISLAM:**

**HAZRAT UMAR FAROOQUE (R.A) 634 – 644 (A.C)**

Early life Nomination as Second Caliph and the Bayat Conquest of Persia Conquest of Syria Recall of Khalid-bib-Waleed (R.A) Conquest of Egypt Causes of Territorial expansion Hazrat Umar (R.A) as Administration Constitutional and reformer Revenue System by Hazrat Umar Farooque (R.A) His Shahadat and His Services to Islam

**THE THIRD CALIPH OF ISLAM:**

**HAZRAT USMAN GHANI (R.A) 644 – 656 (A.C)**

Early life His services in the early period of Islam His election as Thrid Caliph of Islam and Bayah Governors and conquest Revolt in Persia Byzantine invasion of Egypt the Sabite movement The propaganda against the innocent Caliph Charges brought against Hazrat Usman Ghani (R.A) by Sabites. Shahadat of Hazrat Usman Ghani (R.A) and its effect on Islamic State and Ummah Character and achievements

**THE FOURTH CALIPH OF ISLAM:**

**HAZRAT ALI AL-MURTAZA (R.A) 656 – 6661) (A.C)**

Early life Election as Fourth Caliph and Bayah Hazrat Ali’s difficulties Change of Govenors Batle of Jamal Battal Siffian the Khawarij Rebellions in Bashrah and Hijaz Shahadat Hazrat Ali (R.A) Estimate of Ali’s Character His services to Islam.

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| **GENERAL SUREVY OF THE PERIOD**  Arab Society and Changed Brought Treaties and Alliances City States of Madina and its constitutional Position as a Model Islamic State General administration Education The Jihad and Holy Prophet (S.A.W) Position of non-Muslims Principles of foreign policy and foreign relations The Caliph The Wali Peace and Justice Shurta Muhatisb Bait-ul-mal Sources of Revenues Public Works The Military Organization The Navel Establishment  Expansion of Islam Shariat The Law of Islamic State |

**BOOKS RECOMMENDED**

*HISTORY OF THE HOLY PROPHET (S.A.W)*

*&* *PIOUS CALIPH (KHULFA-E-RASHDIN R.A)*

1. Shibli Nomani & Sulaiman Nadvi: *“Seerat-un-Nabi (S.A.W)”* (Urdu) Vol: I to VI English Translation Azam Garm.
2. Amir Ali: *“Short History of the Saracens”* Mc. Milan Co London
3. Ibn-e-Hishan: *“Seerat”* (Urdu & Arabic)
4. W. Montgomery Watt: Oxford University Press.
5. W. Montgomery Watt: *“Muhammad at Madina”* Oxford University Press.
6. Philip K Hitti: *“History of Arabs”* (English)
7. Philip K Hitti: *“Tarikh-e-Millat”* (Urdu) Translation
8. Shah Moinudin Nadvi: *“Tarikh-e-Islam” vol:* I
9. Dr. S.M. Imamuddin: *“A Political History of the Muslims”* (Prophet S.A.W and Pious Caliph)
10. Sir Thomas Arnold: *“The Preaching of Islam”* Shirkt Qualam Lahore.
11. Rashid Akhtar Nadvi: *“Musalman Hukmeran”* Ahsan Brothers Lahore.
12. Shibli Nomani: *“Al – Farooq”*
13. Molana Abdul Shakoor Lakhnavi: *“Khilafat-e-Rashiadia”*  *(Urdu)*Darul Ishaat Karachoi
14. Molana Saeed Akbar abadi “*Siddique-e-Akbar”*
15. Faqee Waheeduddin: *“Mohsin-e-Azam and Mohsineab”* (Sindhi Translation: Rashid Ahmed Lashari) Frere Road Karachi.
16. Dr. Nasir Ahmed Nasir: *“Peghambar-e-Azam – wa Akbar”* Feroz Sons Lahore
17. Muhammad Azeem Sheeda: *“Seerat-e-Mustafa”* Sindhi Abadi Board
18. Qazi Salman Mansupari: *“Rahmatulil Alamin”* Vol: I. II. III. Shaikh Ghulam Ali Sond Lahore 1962
19. Dr. Hameeduddin: *“Rasool-e-Akram Ki Siyasi Zindagi”* Idara-e- Islamic Lahore.
20. Muhammad Khizari Bik: *“Tareekh-ul-Khulfa”* Egypt.

**M.A Final**

**Paper-I**

**HISTORY OF MUSLIM RULE IN EASTERN EUROPE**

**OTTOMAN EMPIRE.**

The origin of turks their migration division of the Turks , Turks in central Asia – Mongol invasion of center Asia the ottoman Turks their advent in asia minor settlement the foundation of ottoman dynsty Ottoman –UI The founder of this character and achievement his death and accession .

Orkhans –

The administration under orkhans Allaudin his reforms –currency dress title the formation of Yenicheri – the army reforms – death & character of orkhans accession of Murad-I conquest of thrace Bulgaria Macadonia amd Serbia

The humiliation of Byzantine Empire –Acquisition in asia Minor –his character and achievement Bayazaid I Pacification of balakan Attack on Constantinople the invansion of temur battle of angora the destruction of ottoman power and disintegration of empire Muhammad \_I His character the civil war .Restoration of peace by peaceful means his death accession of Murad-II Relation with n the byzantine War with the angry himyadis .Treaty of ZSze Geddin king lades laus .The battle of Varan The defeat and destruction of Christian death and character of Murad-II Accession of Muhammad –II Battle of Varnan –His Career Muhammad –II Fateh – conquest of constinople -his reforms his character and achievements

Bayazid-II Subjugation Herzegovina republic of venice revolt of salim – Abdication and death of Bayazid-II.

Salim-I His war with Persia – The safivids – defeat of the Persians occupation of Tabriz –attack on Mesopotamia relation with Mamlikes Conquest of Syria and Palestine Defeat of Mamlukes occupation of Egupt Inccorporation of Hijaz The Acquisition of little Caliph Death and Character of slaim –Soleyman The magnificent His peaceful reign –Conquest of north Africa Relation with Baiken States Prosperous reign of sullman –Teriding Activities –Agriculture Ottoman Navy Administration under Sultan

**FROM SALIM –II TO MUSTAFA –III**

The grand Sokelli minister his administration his service to the ottoman dynasty The rule of sultan The Keuprili ministers their contribution and services to the ottoman state The trety of passion Which The treaty of Belgrade The treaty of Kainarji –The Traety of Jassy The Treaty of Bukharosi

Their Influence over the ottoman state.

**Muhammad III**

The Last of great Sultans The disintegration of ottoman Empire The succession of Syria Muhammad Ali Pasha Independence of Egypt The Revolt of Balkans The invasion of Russian The destruction of Yenicheri (New Army) Rule of Ammbassdor The Accession of Abdul Hameed His Character The Young Turks The Turkish Repulic -  
Turkey During World war \_I After efforts of The Great war.

**M.A Final HISTORY OF MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN**

**Paper –II UPTO DOWNFALL OF UMMAYADS OF SPAIN**

**ABDUL RAHMAN AL-DAKHIL:**  Condition of Spain on the eve of the Muslim Conquest – Arab attacks on the Peninsula – Its conquest – The period of the Ummayads Governors – Rise of Abdul Rehman al-Ghafiqi – His attack on France – The decline of the Ummayad Dynaasty at Dammascus – Battle of Zab – Death of Marwan – II – Escape of the Ummayad Princes.

**ABDUL REHMAN – I**

His early life, career, fight, arrival in Spain – The battle of Masarrah – Abdul Rehman as King – His difficulties – The Christians of North Charleman, North Africa – Death and character of Abdul Rehman – His achievements.

**HISHAM – I:**

His simplicity – His virtuous reign – Developmenet of religious studies – His war with the Christians of North – His death – Accession of Hakam – I – Relating with Franks Revolt in Toledo Unrest of Cordova – Character and achievements – AbdulRehman – II paid of Christian – Norman in roads – Agitation of the Christians of Cordova – Development of literature – Death and accession of Muhammad Toledans rise in revolt – The Norman’s Umar bin Hafsum – Death of Muhammad. His character – Accession of Mundhir – Revolts of Umar bin Hafsum – Accession of Abdullah

**ABDUL REHMAN – III:**

Accession of Abdul Rehman – III – His difficulties – His policy submission of rebels – Retreat of Christian Assumption of the title of Caliph – His foeign policy – Estimate of Abdul Rehman’s character and achievements – Accession of Hakam – II – Hisinterst and patronage of literature – His death.

**HISHAM – II:**

Raise of Hajib-al-Mansur – His control of the administration – His wars with the Christian of North – His foreign policy – His administration – Building and literary activities – His death –the fall of Ummayad Dynasty.

Kingdom of Granada – Ibn-e-Ahmar as the founder – His successors – Decline and fall of the dynasty of Banu Ahmar – Fall of Granada to the Christians and final expulsion of Muslims from Spain.

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| **GENERAL SURVEY OF THE PERIOD**  Administration of the Ummayads in Spain – the Government – The Officials – The Army – The Navy- Chivalry – Central of Culture Cordova – The bride of Andalusia – The Industries – Paper Mills – Silk Wearing Poetry Literacy activities – Libraries – The Poets – Philosophers – Scientists of the Period – Muslim Contribution to the Studying of Science in Europe – Muslim Arts – Architecture – The Mosque of Cordova – Al-Zohra – Al-Hamra – The beauties of Muslim Spain – Conditions of Spain under Muslim Rule. |

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

**HISTORY OF THE MUSLIM RULE IN SPAIN**

**Up to Downfall of Ummayads of Spain**

1. B.H. Dozy *“Spanish Islam Translation”* – Ibrat Name Andulus by: Munshi Inayatullah. First Edetion in Pakistan Kasim sons Karachi. 1976
2. T.B. Irining “*Falcon of Islam”* S.H.M Ashraf Publishers 2000
3. Riyasat Ali Nadvi: “Tarikh-e-Anbdulus” Allid Book Corporation Hyderabad. 1952
4. Lane Poole: *“Moors in Spain”* Anarkali Bazar Lahore. 1953
5. N.Kaf – Shaikh *“Dastan-e-Undlus”* Sindhialogy. 1974
6. Arnold & Gillumm: *“Legacy of Islam”* Cambridge University Press. 1931
7. P.K. Hitti: *“History of Arabs”* (Relevant Chapter) New York. 1963
8. Amir Ali: *“Short History of Sarences”* (Relevant Chapter) National Book Foundation Karachi. Lahore. 1955
9. I.H. Burny: *“Muslim Spain”* Reader Publishers. 1949
10. Qavi: *“Tarikh-e-Spain”* Allied Book Corporation 1957
11. S.M. Imamuddin: *“Political History of Spain”* Majeed Sons. Lahore 1961
12. Tabri: *“Tarikh-e-Tabri”* Nafees Academy Karachi. 1949

**M.A Final**

**Paper –III**

**HISTORY OF MODERN MUSLIM COUNTRIES.**

1. IRAN

The first world war aqnd its effects the rise of pahlavise iran raza shah as the first ruler the Anglo

Persian treaty of 1921 the British Diplomacy im iran reform of raza shah the Russian pressure on Iran – foreign relation trade petroleum abdication of raza shah pahlvi and the accession of his son Muhammad raza shah pahlvi

occupation of by the allies development in iran during world war-11 current affairs of iran the party politics constitution of Iran the foreign policy -relation with Pakistan today Iran

(2). TURKEY

The worlds war -1- development in turkey in war its effects the rise of young Turk Mustafa kamal his efforts for independence formation of Ankara govt turkey of laysann – kamal reform seculartian emancipation of woman –education economy reform new turkey during the world war -1 the CENTO organization expansion turkey and Uno organization

(3)EGYPT

Egypt during the war -1- its effects on Egypt new era in the history of

Egypt death of sultan Hussain –accession of fuad the struggle for independence party politics accession of faroqu in 1936

The arab league party played by Egypt col najib the revolution president jamal abdul nasir rol e played by the president nasir in the arab world current affairs foreign policy international relation Egypt and uno

(4) SAUDI ARABIA

Historical background of Arabia before world wae-1 arabia during the worlg war sha Hussain (sharif –e-macca ) sha saud foundation of suidia Arabia rise of Abdul aziz –bin –saud -his administration internal and foreign policy during the reign of abdul aziz –bin saud accession of shah saud –bin abdul aziz his internal and foreign policy sha faisal his administration sha faisal and Muslim world shah Khalid accession of king shah fahad his constitutional effort role of Saudi Arabia in gulf war foreign policy of Saudi Arabia

**M.A (FINAL)**

Paper-IV

**MUSLIM POILTICAL THOUGHT & ADMINISTRATION**

POILITICAL THOUGHT IN ISLAM

QURANIC STATE

Pre Islamic Iran and byzantine Arabia state before Islam essence of Quranic state first pledge centre shifted to Madina. Quranic argument God the ruler principal of order peace obedience law and justice social reform law of war relation international law .

FARABI

His life and works sovereignty international organization of state communication and head individuation .Verities of the state empire colonies idea head of the state conclusion

IBN-ABI –RABI

His life and works his thought social nature of man scheme of human knowledge sovereignty justice revolution slavery general conclusion

MARWADI  
His life and works marwadi ‘s views about Imamat ministry of justice central govt marwadi’s method contents of kabusnama its method

NIZAM-UL -MULK TUSI

His life and works his method comparison wide European Political scientists his idea about sovereignty Govt: office woman influence in political in political ambassadors dastur-al wuzra estimate of Nizam-ul mulk

GHAZALI

His life work. Contemporary political thought in Europe perception versus Munlance and celestial division of sciences Development of state ideal state. law constitution and religious biological similes ghazali’s method justice duties and function of executive rules of daily routine his secret service ghazali and democracy. Council. Provincial administration Ministry. Conclusion.

BOOKS RECOMMEDED

**MUSLIM POLITICAL THOUGHT AND ADMINISTRATION**

1.Rosenthul “Political thought in medieval Islam

Rountbad and keegan Point London 1958

2 Sherwani Muslim Political Thought and Administration”

Borignsellus New Anarkali Lahore 19;61

3 S,A,Q Hussain “ Arab Administration “

Kashmiri bazaar Lahore 1061

4 Greenbam “Medieval in Islam”

Hango Press

5 R Levy “Social structure of Islam”

Cambridge University Press

6 Muolana Muhammad Ali “Religious Of Islam “Lahore publication1950

7 E;I;J Rosenthal: “Islam in Modren State”

Cambridge Universtiy Press

8 Ducum Brence “Development Of Muslim Theory Jurisprudence

Beruit Khasts 1955

**M.A (Final)**

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| **HISTORY OF MUSLIM INSITITUTION** |

M;A (Final) (A) **RELIGIOUS INSTITUTION**

Paper-v (option-B)

1. Iman (faith)

definition of iman - iman according Quran iman according to hadith –principles of faith unity of Go–angles- revealed books prophet life death-day of judgment qader taqdir

1. tawhid ;

Historical evolution if tawhid-tawhid according hind zoroastrition Jews and Christian religious conception tawhid in Islam

1. Salat:

(Prayers) definition of salat, conception of salat in Islam –salat as a source of purification, social , political importance of salat –imam member minar azan wadu (ablution) significance and uses of wadu

1. SAUM (Fasting):

definition and history of suam conception of saum in other religus saum in Islam the ingredient of saum –eid ul fitr importance of suam

1. HAJJ (Pilgrimage):

History institution of hajj – hajj in pro Islamic time the procedure to perform hajj Eid-ull- Adh Signification of hajj as religious and political institution – importance of hajj

**(B) POLITICAL INSTITUTION**

(i) Jehad:

definition and conception on jehad in Islam darul salam and darul harb –jehad when necessary aggressive jehad permitted

1. MASQUE:

History of the institution of masque before Islam Masjid-al-haram –Masjid-al aqsa masjid-ul nabvi- masque as a religious centre - political importance of the masque –place of masque in bring social equity among the Muslims

(iii) KHILAFAT

Definition and khilafat and scope of khilafat the election first caliph Rashidah caliph ummayadh and abbasid caliph the end of caliph (khilafat) character and qualification of the caliph –ma-wardi’s theory of caliphate –duties and responsibility of the caliphate as apolitical institution.

1. **Vizarat:** origin and definition of Vizarat in pre-Islamic time – Rise of the Barmakides – Vizarat-e-Tanfeed and Vizarat-e-Tafwid- Qualification. Duties and responsibilities of the Vazir – Importance of Vizarat in Islam.
2. **Qazi:** origin and definition of Qazi – The institution of Qazi in pre-Islamic times – Qualifications of Qazi – His duties and responsibilities – Justice according to law – Procedure in criminal cases – Disposal of civil litigation – Importance of Qazi in Islam.

**(C) SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS:**

(i) **Zakat:** Definition and origin of Zakat – Rules Government the imposition of Zakat – Uses of Zakat and its importance.

(ii) **Position of Women:** Condition of women at the time of the advent of Islam – Her status in other religions and communities – Status women in Islam – Women’s rights in case of Nikah, Talaq and inheritance etc.

(iii) **Slavery:** Origin and history of the institutions of Slavery – Slavery in Byzantine and Iranian society – Slavery in Islam – Rights of Slaves – Duties of Slaves – Manumission of the slave.

(iv) **Mawali:** Its origin and development in Muslim society – Position of Mawali – Rights and duties of Mawali – importance of the institution of Mawali.

(v) **Zimmis:** Definition – The people of the tolerated society – Their position, rights and duties in the Muslim society – Jizya or polltaz – Its necessity – Its importance.

(D) **MINOR INSTITUTIONS**

Nikkah – Talaq – Salam – Baiyat – Hijab – Khyutaba – Saddaquat – Usury – Baitul Mal – Halal – Haram – Liwa.